#1		N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4 (g)</sub> <>		> 2N	O <sub>2(g)</sub>	$\Delta H = + 92 \text{ KJ}$					
The Stress		Right or Left		[N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ]		[NO <sub>2</sub> ]			Temperature		
[N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ] is increased											
[NO <sub>2</sub> ] is increased											
Temp is increased											
[N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ] is decreased											
[H <sub>2</sub> ] is decreased											
[NO <sub>2</sub> ] is decreased											
Temp is decreased											
#2		4HCl (g) + O <sub>2 (g)</sub> <> 2H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>(g)</sub> + 2Cl <sub>2 (g)</sub> + 98 KJ									
The Stress		Right or Left	[HC		[O <sub>2</sub> ]		l	[H <sub>2</sub> O]		Temperature	
[HCl] is increased											
[H <sub>2</sub> O] is increased											
[O <sub>2</sub> ] is increased											
Temp is increased											
#3	This is be	CaCO <sub>3 (s)</sub> + 170 KJ <> CaO (s) + CO <sub>2 (g)</sub> r: Adding solids or liquids and removing solids or liquids does not shift the equilibrium. cause you cannot change the concentration of a pure liquid or solid as they are 100% pure. a concentration change that will change the # of collisions and hence shift the equilibrium.									
The Stress		Right or L		[CO₂]			Temperature				
CaCO₃ is added											
CaO is added											
CO <sub>2</sub> is added											
Temp is decreased											
A catalyst is added											
[CO <sub>2</sub> ] is decreased											
Temp is increased											
CaO is removed											